AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (currently amended) A process comprising:

heating to a first polymerization temperature a first mixture comprising a free radical polymerizable monomer, a free radical initiator, and a stable free radical compound to polymerize only a portion of the monomer, resulting in a prepolymer composition;

shearing a second mixture including the prepolymer composition, a continuous phase liquid, and a stabilizing compound to create a miniemulsion; and

flowing the miniemulsion within a <u>continuous mode</u> polymerization reactor and heating the miniemulsion at a second polymerization temperature to form polymeric particles wherein the formation of the polymeric particles occurs while the miniemulsion flows within the <u>continuous mode polymerization</u> reactor.

- 2. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the miniemulsion is subjected to a pressure ranging from about 100 to about 600 kPa while the miniemulsion flows within the reactor.
- 3. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the first polymerization temperature ranges from about 100 to about 145 degrees C.
- 4. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the second polymerization temperature ranges from about 100 to about 145 degrees C.
- 5. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the reactor is a tubular-flow reactor.
- 6. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the miniemulsion flows within the reactor at a volumetric flowrate of about 0.1 to about 10 ml/minute.

- 7. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the heating of the first mixture and the shearing of the second mixture are accomplished in a batch mode to provide a batch amount of the miniemulsion.
- 8. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the heating of the first mixture and the shearing of the second mixture are accomplished in a continuous mode to provide a continuous amount of the miniemulsion.
- 9. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the heating the first mixture is ended when about 1 to about 50% of the monomer is polymerized.
- 10. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the polymeric particles includes a compound exhibiting a molecular weight polydispersity of from about 1.1 to about 3.0.
- 11. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the continuous phase liquid is water.
- 12. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the polymeric particles have a volume average diameter of from about 25 nanometers to about 1 micrometer.
- 13. (original) The process of claim 1, wherein the first mixture further includes a co-monomer.
 - 14. (currently amended) A process comprising:

heating to a first polymerization temperature a first mixture comprising a first free radical polymerizable monomer, a first free radical initiator, and a first stable free radical compound to polymerize only a portion of the first monomer, resulting in a prepolymer composition;

shearing a second mixture including the prepolymer composition, a continuous phase liquid, and a stabilizing compound to create a miniemulsion; and

flowing the miniemulsion within a <u>continuous mode</u> polymerization reactor and heating the miniemulsion at a second polymerization temperature to form polymeric

particles wherein the formation of the polymeric particles occurs while the miniemulsion flows within the <u>continuous mode polymerization</u> reactor,

wherein there is added to the second mixture, the miniemulsion, or both the second mixture and the miniemulsion at any time prior to the formation of the polymeric particles a second free radical initiator, a second free radical polymerizable monomer, and an optional second stable free radical compound, wherein at least one of the second initiator and the second monomer includes a functional group, wherein the polymeric particles each includes a compound with the functional group covalently bound and with the functional group disposed on the particle surface.

- 15. (original) The process of claim 14, wherein the first stable free radical compound and the second stable free radical compound are the same.
- 16. (original) The process of claim 14, wherein the second initiator includes the functional group.
- 17. (original) The process of claim 14, wherein the second monomer includes the functional group.
- 18. (original) The process of claim 14, wherein the second initiator includes the functional group and the second monomer includes the same or different functional group.
- 19. (original) The process of claim 14, wherein the first mixture further includes a co-monomer.